

NbP (“40”) Structure: AB_tI8_141_a_b-001

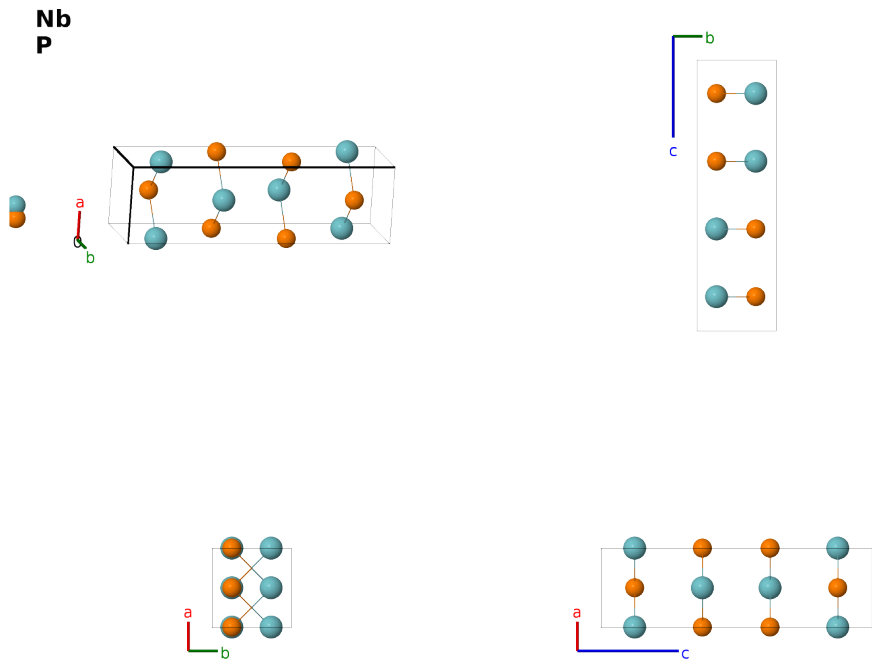
This structure previously used the label(s) **AB_tI8_141_a_b**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/R06D>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/AB_tI8_141_a_b-001

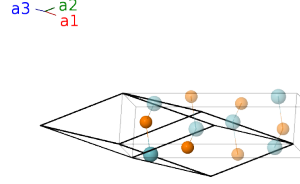


Prototype	NbP
AFLOW prototype label	AB_tI8_141_a_b-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	“40”
ICSD	76027
CCDC	1636665
Pearson symbol	tI8
Space group number	141
Space group symbol	$I4_1/amd$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB_tI8_141_a_b-001 --params=a, c/a</code>

- When $c/a = 2$, the atoms in this lattice are on the sites of the face-centered cubic lattice. Thus (Lu, 1991) use this lattice for their structural stability studies, and arbitrarily assign this lattice a Strukturbericht designation of “40.” Note that (Schönberg, 1954) gives the space group as $I4_122$ #98 but, as (Villars, 1991) notes, the coordinates given increase the symmetry to $I4_1/amd$ #141.

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= \frac{7}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Nb I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= \frac{1}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{7}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Nb I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= \frac{5}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4b)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= \frac{3}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{5}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4b)	P I

References

- [1] N. Schönberg, *An X-Ray Investigation of Transition Metal Phosphides*, Acta Chem. Scand. **8**, 226–239 (1954), doi:10.3891/acta.chem.scand.08-0221.
- [2] Z. W. Lu, S.-H. Wei, and A. Zunger, *Long-Range Order in Binary Late-Transition-Metal Alloys*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **66**, 1753–1756 (1991), doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.66.1753.

Found in

- [1] P. Villars and L. Calvert, *Pearson’s Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases* (ASM International, Materials Park, OH, 1991), 2nd edn.

First cited in

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