

MoPt₂ Structure: AB2_oI6_71_a_e-001

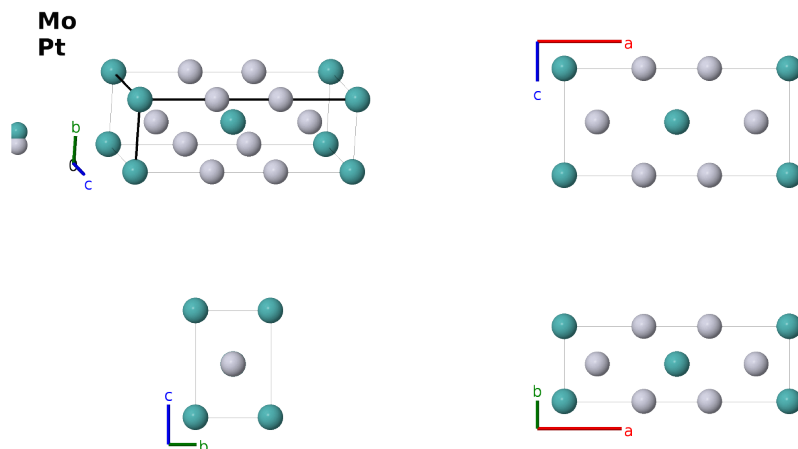
This structure previously used the label(s) **AB2_oI6_71_a_g**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

- H. Eckert, S. Divilov, M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, A. C. Zettel, M. Esters, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 4*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **240**, 112988 (2024), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2024.112988.
- D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, M. Esters, C. Osos, O. Levy, G. L. W. Hart, C. Toher, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 3*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **199**, 110450 (2021), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2021.110450.

<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/EKX0>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/AB2_oI6_71_a_e-001



Prototype	MoPt ₂
AFLOW prototype label	AB2_oI6_71_a_e-001
ICSD	105070
CCDC	1662969
Pearson symbol	oI6
Space group number	71
Space group symbol	<i>Immm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB2_oI6_71_a_e-001 --params=a, b/a, c/a, x₂</code>

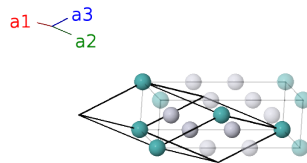
Other compounds with this structure

NbPd₂, NbPt₂, TaPd₂, VN_{i2}, VPd₂, VPt₂

- The original references describe MoPt₂ and ReSi₂ in different orientations, so they have nominally different AFLOW prototype labels, AB2_oI6_71_a_g and AB2_oI6_71_a_i, respectively. When we apply our AFLOW prototype label rules, however, the label for both structures becomes AB2_oI6_71_a_e. The two structures are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (`--params`) specified in their corresponding CIF files.

Body-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	=	0	=	0	(2a) Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	=	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4e) Pt I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	=	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4e) Pt I

References

- [1] K. Schubert, W. Burkhardt, P. Esslinger, E. Günzel, H. G. Meissner, W. Schütt, J. Wegst, and M. Wilkens, *Einige strukturelle Ergebnisse an metallischen Phasen*, *Naturwissenschaften* **43**, 248–249 (1956).

Found in

- [1] P. Villars, *MoPt2 Crystal Structure* (2016). PAULING FILE in: Inorganic Solid Phases, SpringerMaterials (online database), Springer, Heidelberg (ed.) SpringerMaterials.

First cited in

M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. L. W. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 1*, *Comput. Mater. Sci.* **136**, S1-828 (2017). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2017.01.017