

MoP₂ Structure: AB2_oC12_36_a_2a-002

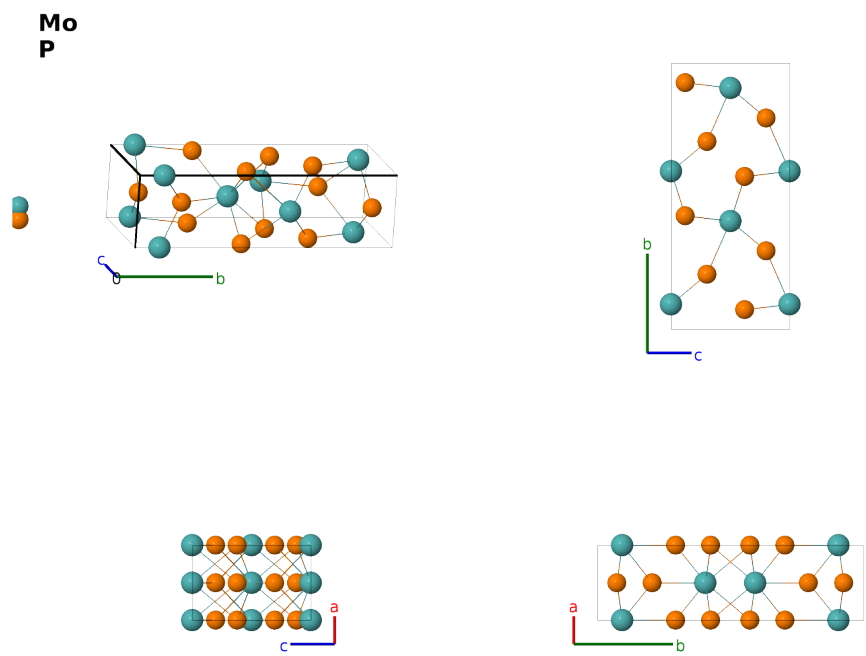
This structure previously used the label(s) **AB2_oC12_36_a_2a**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/JTSA>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/AB2_oC12_36_a_2a-002



Prototype	MoP ₂
AFLOW prototype label	AB2_oC12_36_a_2a-002
ICSD	43331
CCDC	1612842
Pearson symbol	oC12
Space group number	36
Space group symbol	<i>Cmc</i> 2 ₁
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB2_oC12_36_a_2a-002</code> <code>--params=<i>a</i>, <i>b/a</i>, <i>c/a</i>, <i>y</i>₁, <i>z</i>₁, <i>y</i>₂, <i>z</i>₂, <i>y</i>₃, <i>z</i>₃</code>

Other compounds with this structure

HgBr₂, WP₂

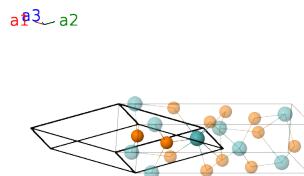
- An earlier version of this page had the wrong value for the length c . We have corrected that in this version.
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Base-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_2 = \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_3 = c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= -y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c \left(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= -y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c \left(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= -y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c \left(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	P II

References

- [1] S. Rundqvist and T. Lundström, *X-Ray Studies of Molybdenum and Tungsten Phosphides*, Acta Chem. Scand. **17**, 37–46 (1962), doi:10.3891/acta.chem.scand.17-0037.

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