

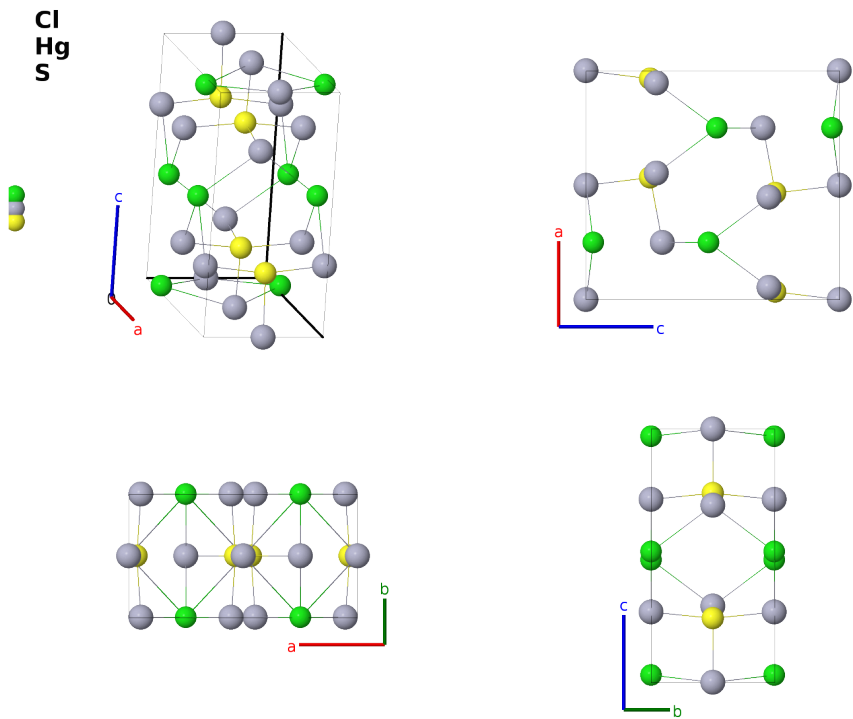
Kenhsuite (γ -Hg₃S₂Cl₂) Structure: AB2C_oP16_51_2e_bfi_j-001

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/LQ5X>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/AB2C_oP16_51_2e_bfi_j-001

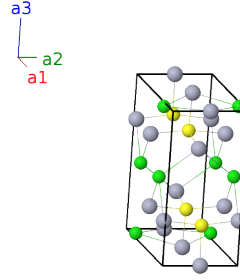


Prototype	Cl ₂ Hg ₃ S ₂
AFLOW prototype label	AB2C_oP16_51_2e_bfi_j-001
Mineral name	kenhsuite
ICSD	29252
CCDC	1604259
Pearson symbol	oP16
Space group number	51
Space group symbol	<i>Pmma</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB2C_oP16_51_2e_bfi_j-001 --params=a,b/a,c/a,z₂,z₃,z₄,x₅,z₅,x₆,z₆</code>

- $\text{Hg}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{S}_2$ is found in three forms (Carlson, 1967):
 - Corderoite ($\alpha\text{-Hg}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{S}_2$), the cubic ground state.
 - $\beta\text{-Hg}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{S}_2$, which appears above 340°C , another cubic phase with a much larger unit cell.
 - Kenhsuite ($\gamma\text{-Hg}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{S}_2$), which on average has an orthorhombic lattice. This state is apparently metastable. (this structure)
- (Đurovič, 1961) found that Kenhsuite was composed of blocks of periodic structure in space group $C2/m$ #12, with lattice constants $(a', b', c') = (2a, 2b, c)$, where (a, b, c) are the lattice constants given here. This page shows what Đurovič refers to as the “composite structure,” essentially averaging all of the periodic structures. The data for this structure was originally given in the $Pbmm$ setting of space group #51. We used FINDSYM to transform it to the standard $Pmma$ setting, which involved a rotation and a translation.
- The Hg-III (4i) site is only half occupied, giving the observed stoichiometry.

Simple Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2b)	Hg I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2b)	Hg I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2e)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2e)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2e)	Cl II
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2e)	Cl II
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2f)	Hg II
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2f)	Hg II
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$= x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Hg III
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$= -(x_5 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a(x_5 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Hg III
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$= -x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Hg III
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	$= (x_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a(x_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Hg III
$\mathbf{B}_{13}$	$= x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_6 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4j)	S I
$\mathbf{B}_{14}$	$= -(x_6 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a(x_6 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4j)	S I
$\mathbf{B}_{15}$	$= -x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_6 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4j)	S I
$\mathbf{B}_{16}$	$= (x_6 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a(x_6 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4j)	S I

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