

Pt₈Ti Structure:

A8B_tI18_139_hi_a-001

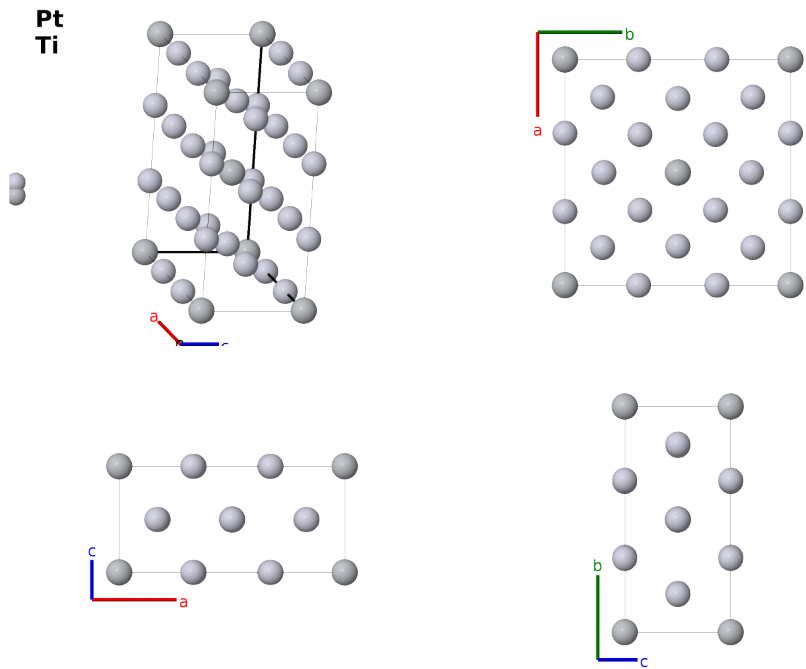
This structure previously used the label(s) **A8B_tI18_139_hi_a**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/XTZU>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A8B_tI18_139_hi_a-001



Prototype	Pt ₈ Ti
AFLOW prototype label	A8B_tI18_139_hi_a-001
ICSD	105818
CCDC	1663693
Pearson symbol	tI18
Space group number	139
Space group symbol	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A8B_tI18_139_hi_a-001</code> <code>--params=a, c/a, x₂, x₃</code>

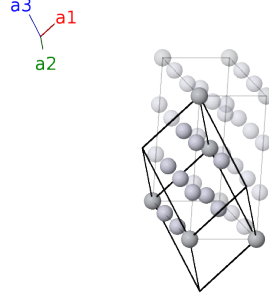
Other compounds with this structure

Ni₈Mo, Ni₈Nb, Ni₈Ta, Ni₈V, Pd₈Mo, Pd₈V, Pd₈W, Pt₈Ce, Pt₈Ti, Pt₈V, Pt₈Zr

- When $a = 3/(\sqrt{2})a_{fcc}$, $c = a_{fcc}$, $x_2 = 1/3$, and $x_3 = 1/3$ the atoms are on the sites of the fcc lattice. Compare this structure to the very similar V_4Zn_5 .

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$=$	0	$=$	0	$(2a)$ Ti I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$=$	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + 2x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	$(8h)$ Pt I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$=$	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - 2x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	$(8h)$ Pt I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$=$	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	$(8h)$ Pt I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$=$	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	$(8h)$ Pt I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$=$	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	$(8i)$ Pt II
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$=$	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	$(8i)$ Pt II
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$=$	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	$(8i)$ Pt II
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$=$	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	$(8i)$ Pt II

References

- [1] P. Pietrokowsky, *Novel Ordered Phase, Pt_8Ti* , Nature **206**, 291 (1965), doi:10.1038/206291a0.
- [2] R. H. Taylor, S. Curtarolo, and G. L. W. Hart, *Predictions of the Pt_8Ti Phase in Unexpected Systems*, Journal of the American Chemical Society **132**, 6851–6854 (2010), doi:10.1021/ja101890k.

Found in

- [1] P. Villars and L. Calvert, *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases* (ASM International, Materials Park, OH, 1991), 2nd edn.

First cited in

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