

Rosiaite (PbSb₂O₆) Structure: A6BC2_hP9_162_k_a_d-001

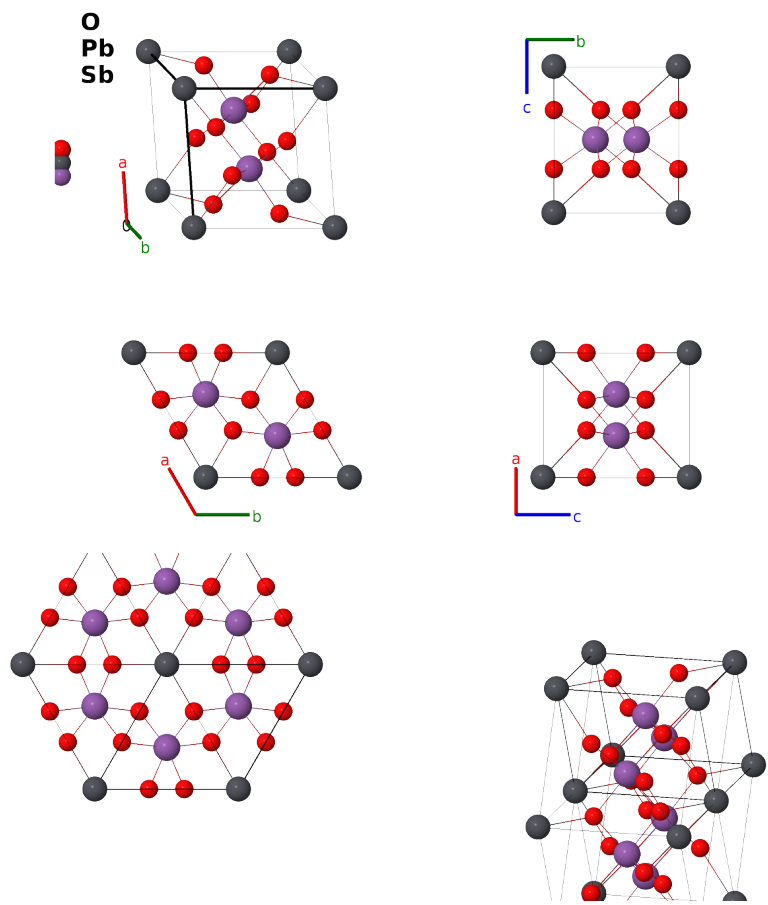
This structure previously used the label(s) **A6BC2_hP9_162_k_a_d**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/80KE>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A6BC2_hP9_162_k_a_d-001



Prototype	O ₆ PbSb ₂
AFLOW prototype label	A6BC2_hP9_162_k_a_d-001
Mineral name	rosiaite
ICSD	81387
CCDC	1641529
Pearson symbol	hP9
Space group number	162

Space group symbol $P\bar{3}1m$

AFLOW prototype command `aflow --proto=A6BC2_hP9_162_k_a_d-001`
`--params=a,c/a,x3,z3`

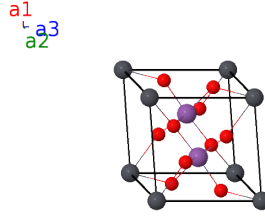
Other compounds with this structure

BaSb₂O₆, CaAs₂O₆, CaOs₂O₆, CaSb₂O₆, CdAs₂O₆, CdSb₂O₆, CoAs₂O₆, HfLi₂F₆, HgAs₂O₆, MnAs₂O₆, MnSb₂O₆, MoLi₂F₆, NbLi₂F₆, NiAs₂O₆, PbAs₂O₆, PbLi₂F₆, PbSb₂O₆, PdAs₂O₆, SrAs₂O₆, SrRu₂O₆, SrSb₂O₆, UCr₂O₆, UV₂O₆, ZrLi₂F₆, MnSeTeO₆, MnSnTeO₆, PbTeGeO₆, SrIr₂O₆

- This is the ternary form of the $L'3_2$ (β -V₂N) structure.

Trigonal (Hexagonal) primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$=$	0	$=$	0	(1a) Pb I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d) Sb I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$=$	$\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d) Sb I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$=$	$x_3\mathbf{a}_1 + z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k) O I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$=$	$x_3\mathbf{a}_2 + z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k) O I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$=$	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_1 - x_3\mathbf{a}_2 + z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k) O I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$=$	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_2 - z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k) O I
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$=$	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_1 - z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k) O I
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$=$	$x_3\mathbf{a}_1 + x_3\mathbf{a}_2 - z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k) O I

References

- [1] R. Basso, G. Lucchetti, L. Zefiro, and A. Palenzona, *Rosiaite, PbSb₂O₆, a new mineral from the Cetine mine, Siena, Italy*, Eur. J. of Mineral. **8**, 487–492 (1996).

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