

Rhombohedral Al₅Mo Structure:

A5B_hR12_167_ce_b-001

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/584Z>

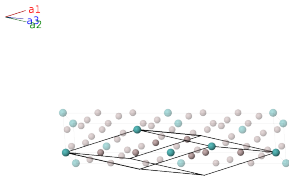
https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A5B_hR12_167_ce_b-001

Prototype	Al ₅ Mo
AFLOW prototype label	A5B_hR12_167_ce_b-001
ICSD	105520
CCDC	1663404
Pearson symbol	hR12
Space group number	167
Space group symbol	$R\bar{3}c$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A5B_hR12_167_ce_b-001</code> <code>--params=$a, c/a, x_2, x_3$</code>

- Al₅Mo is known to have three phases (Schuster, 1991):
 - Below 650K it is in a rhombohedral structure, Al₅Mo(r) (this structure).
 - Between 650K and 750-800K it is in a trigonal structure, Al₅Mo(h’).
 - Above 750-800K up to 846K it is in the Al₅W structure.
- Hexagonal settings of this structure can be obtained with the option `--hex`.

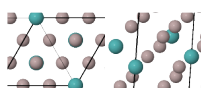
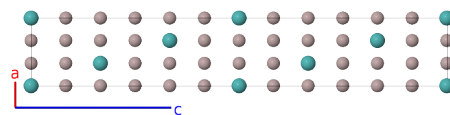
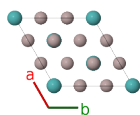
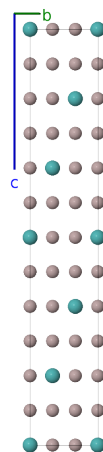
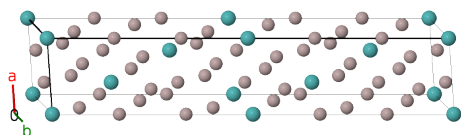
Rhombohedral primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= -\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

Al
Mo



	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$=$	0	$=$	0	(2b) Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b) Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$=$	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$cx_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Al I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$=$	$-\left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-c \left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Al I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$=$	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-cx_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Al I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$=$	$\left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$c \left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Al I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$=$	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{8}a(4x_3 - 1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8}a(4x_3 - 1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6e) Al II
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{8}a(4x_3 - 1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8}a(4x_3 - 1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6e) Al II
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$=$	$-\left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a \left(x_3 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6e) Al II
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$=$	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-\frac{1}{8}a(4x_3 + 3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{24}a(12x_3 + 1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{5}{12}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6e) Al II
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-\frac{1}{8}a(4x_3 - 1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{24}a(12x_3 + 5) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{5}{12}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6e) Al II
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	$=$	$\left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{4}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{5}{12}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6e) Al II

References

- [1] J. C. Schuster and H. Ipser, *The Al-Al₈Mo₃ section of the binary system aluminum-molybdenum*, Metall. Trans. A **22**, 1729–1736 (1991), doi:10.1007/BF02646496.

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