

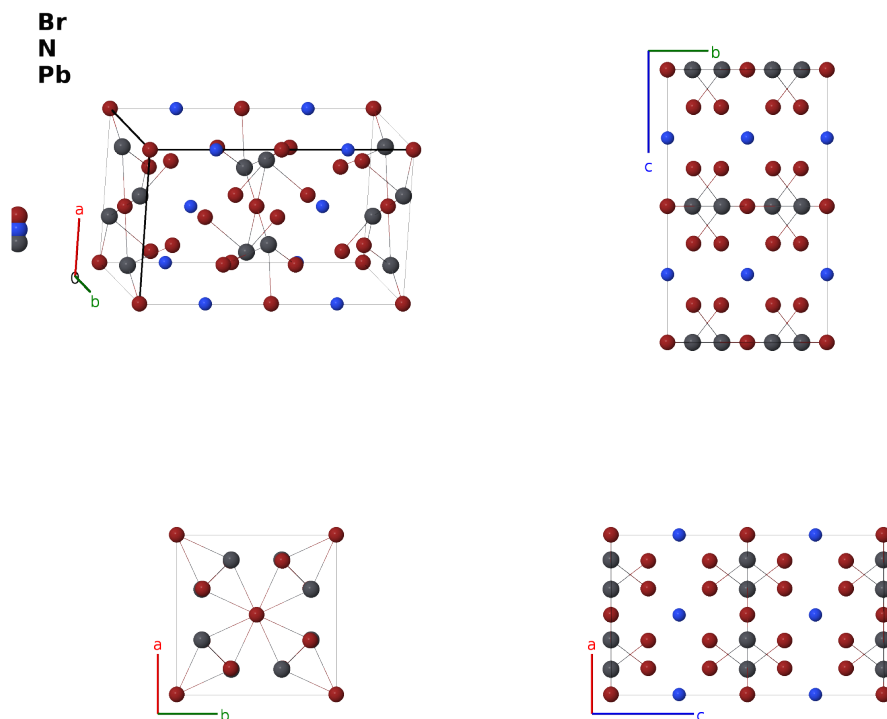
(NH₄)Pb₂Br₅ (*K*3₄) Structure (*Revised*): A5BC2_tI32_140_cl_a_h-001

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/REV7>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A5BC2_tI32_140_cl_a_h-001



Prototype	Br ₅ (NH ₄)Pb ₂
AFLOW prototype label	A5BC2_tI32_140_cl_a_h-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	<i>K</i> 3 ₄
ICSD	26662
CCDC	1602052
Pearson symbol	tI32
Space group number	140
Space group symbol	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mcm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A5BC2_tI32_140_cl_a_h-001 --params=a, c/a, x₃, x₄, z₄</code>

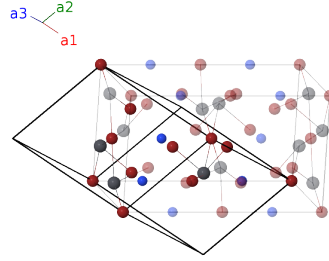
Other compounds with this structure

CsPb₂Br₅, CsSn₂Br₅, ISe₂Tl₅, InPb₂I₅, InSn₂Br₅, InSn₂I₅, KPb₂Br₅, KSn₂Br₅, KSn₂I₅, RbPb₂Br₅, RbSn₂Br₅, TlSn₂Br₅

- (Powell, 1937) gives the first bromine site a (2b) label, but gives the position as (000), which corresponds to the (2c) Wyckoff position. In our previous attempt at presenting this structure we followed the first choice, but the second choice is the correct one. See the previous *K34* page for more information.
- The positions of the hydrogen atoms in the NH₄ ions were not determined, so we only provide the positions of the nitrogen atoms (labeled as NH₄).

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	N I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	N I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= 0$	$=$	0	(4c)	Br I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Br I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(2x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + a \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	Pb I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= -\left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(2x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - a \left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	Pb I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a \left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	Pb I
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	Pb I
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$= \left(x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(x_4 + z_4\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(2x_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + a \left(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Br II
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$= \left(-x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(x_4 - z_4\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(2x_4 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - a \left(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Br II
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$= \left(x_4 + z_4\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(-x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a \left(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Br II
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	$= -\left(x_4 - z_4\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a \left(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Br II
$\mathbf{B}_{13}$	$= \left(x_4 - z_4\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(x_4 + z_4 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a \left(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Br II
$\mathbf{B}_{14}$	$= -\left(x_4 + z_4\right) \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(x_4 - z_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a \left(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Br II

$$\mathbf{B}_{15} = \begin{pmatrix} (x_4 - z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \\ (x_4 - z_4) \mathbf{a}_2 + (2x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3 \end{pmatrix} = ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + a \left(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \quad (16l) \quad \text{Br II}$$

$$\mathbf{B}_{16} = \begin{pmatrix} -(x_4 + z_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 - \\ (x_4 + z_4) \mathbf{a}_2 - (2x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3 \end{pmatrix} = -ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - a \left(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \quad (16l) \quad \text{Br II}$$

References

- [1] H. M. Powell and H. S. Tasker, *The valency angle of bivalent lead: the crystal structure of ammonium, rubidium, and potassium pentabromodiplumbites*, J. Chem. Soc. p. 119 (1937), doi:10.1039/JR9370000119.

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