

Monoclinic PZT [Pb(Zr_xTi_{1-x})O₃] Structure: A3BC_mC10_8_ab_a_a-001

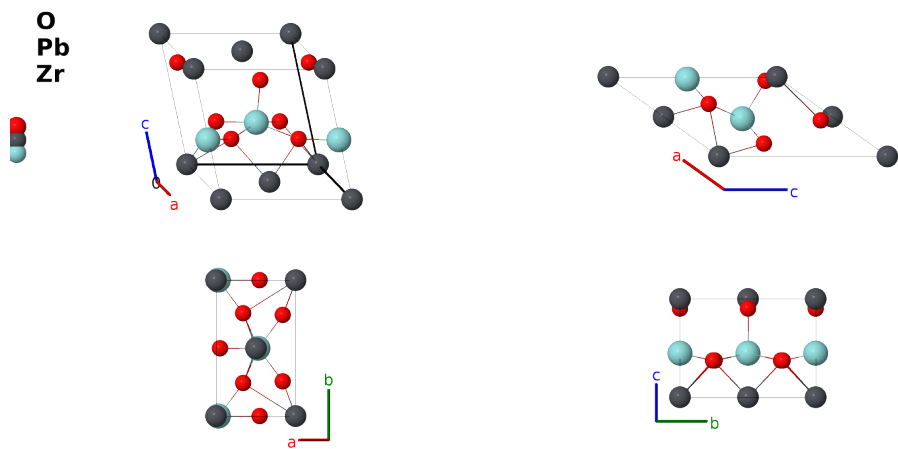
This structure previously used the label(s) **A3BC_mC10_8_ab_a_a**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/XHKF>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A3BC_mC10_8_ab_a_a-001

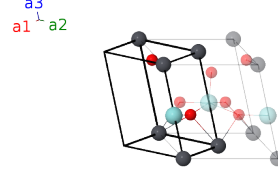


Prototype	O ₃ PbZr
AFLOW prototype label	A3BC_mC10_8_ab_a_a-001
Mineral name	‘PZT’
ICSD	92061
CCDC	1651579
Pearson symbol	mC10
Space group number	8
Space group symbol	<i>Cm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A3BC_mC10_8_ab_a_a-001</code> <code>--params=a,b/a,c/a,β,x₁,z₁,x₂,z₂,x₃,z₃,x₄,y₄,z₄</code>

- This is a monoclinic ferroelectric distortion of the cubic perovskite structure, *E*2₁. In Pb(Zr_xTi_{1-x})O₃ (aka PZT) it is found only when *x* = 0.52. Although the second (2a) site is nearly equally occupied by zirconium and titanium atoms, the pictures use Zr atoms. Compare this to the tetragonal PZT structure.

Base-centered Monoclinic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \cos \beta \hat{\mathbf{x}} + c \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_1 + cz_1 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_1 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2a)	O I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_2 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2a)	Pb I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2a)	Zr I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= (x_4 - y_4) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 + y_4) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4b)	O II
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= (x_4 + y_4) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 - y_4) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4b)	O II

References

- [1] B. Noheda, J. A. Gonzalo, L. E. Cross, R. Guo, S.-E. Park, D. E. Cox, and G. Shirane, *Tetragonal-to-monoclinic phase transition in a ferroelectric perovskite: The structure of $\text{PbZr}_{0.52}\text{Ti}_{0.48}\text{O}_3$* , Phys. Rev. B **61**, 8687–8695 (2000), doi:10.1103/PhysRevB.61.8687.

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