

Cu₂Sb (*C*38) Structure: A2B_tP6_129_ac_c-001

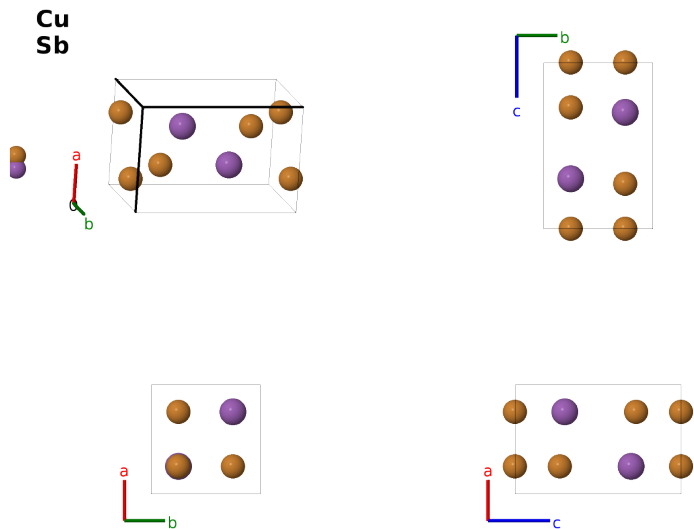
This structure previously used the label(s) **A2B_tP6_129_ac_c**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/YG4M>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A2B_tP6_129_ac_c-001



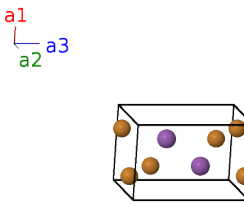
Prototype	Cu ₂ Sb
AFLOW prototype label	A2B_tP6_129_ac_c-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	<i>C</i> 38
ICSD	42323
CCDC	1612021
Pearson symbol	tP6
Space group number	129
Space group symbol	<i>P</i> 4/ <i>nmm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2B_tP6_129_ac_c-001</code> <code>--params=<i>a</i>, <i>c/a</i>, <i>z</i>₂, <i>z</i>₃</code>

Other compounds with this structure

Cr₂As, Cu₂As, Cu₂Sb, Cu₂Te, Fe₂As, Fe₂Se, Fe₂Te, Mn₂As, Mn₂Sb, Nd₂S, Ni₂Se, Ni₂Te, O₂Eu, O₂Gd, Si₂Al, As₂Th, As₂U, Bi₂Th, Bi₂U, Pu₂U, S₂Ce, S₂Yb, Sb₂Hf, Sb₂Th, Sb₂U, Se₂Ce, Se₂Ho, Te₂Ce, Te₂La, Te₂U

- Cu_2Sb ($C38$), UP_2 , and $\text{LaSe}_{1.85}$ have similar AFLOW prototype labels, A2B_tP6_129_ac_c for the first two and AB2_tP6_129_c_ac for the third. They are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (`--params`) specified in their corresponding CIF files.
- We consider all of these to be binary forms of Matlockite ($E0_1$)/PrOI.
- We somewhat arbitrarily assign
 - Structures with $c/a < 2$ to the Cu_2Sb prototype,
 - Structures with $2 < c/a < 3$ to the UP_2 prototype, and
 - Structures with $c/a \approx 4$ to the $\text{LaSe}_{1.85}$ prototype.
- The ICSD distinction between Cu_2Sb and UP_2 is not the same as ours, and they often assign binary compounds to the ternary prototypes.

Simple Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\
 \mathbf{a}_2 &= a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\
 \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}
 \end{aligned}$$


Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2a)	Cu I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2a)	Cu I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Cu II
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Cu II
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Sb I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Sb I

References

- [1] W. B. Pearson, *The Cu_2Sb and related structures*, Zeitschrift für Kristallographie **171**, 23–39 (1985), doi:10.1524/zkri.1985.171.14.23.

First cited in

M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. L. W. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 1*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **136**, S1-828 (2017). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2017.01.017