

β -SnF₂ Structure:

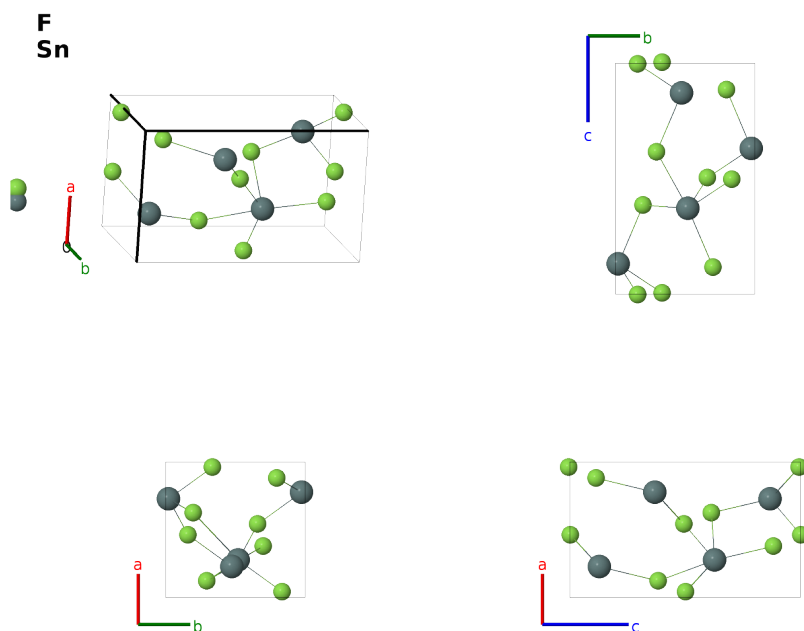
A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/RZ21>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002



Prototype	F ₂ Sn
AFLOW prototype label	A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002
ICSD	14194
CCDC	1595593
Pearson symbol	oP12
Space group number	19
Space group symbol	$P2_12_12_1$
AFLOW prototype command	<pre>aflow --proto=A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002 --params=a, b/a, c/a, x₁, y₁, z₁, x₂, y₂, z₂, x₃, y₃, z₃</pre>

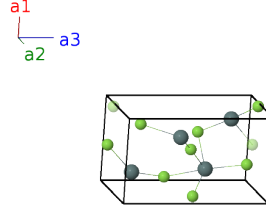
Other compounds with this structure

GeF₂, γ -TeO₂

- SnF_2 is found in three structures:
 - monoclinic $\alpha\text{-SnF}_2$, the ground state
 - orthorhombic $\beta\text{-SnF}_2$ (this structure), formed from $\gamma\text{-SnF}_2$ on cooling below 67°C , and
 - tetragonal $\gamma\text{-SnF}_2$, produced by heating $\alpha\text{-SnF}_2$ above 180°C , forming in the tellurite ($\beta\text{-TeO}_2$) structure.
- Data for $\beta\text{-SnF}_2$ was taken at room temperature.
- Low-temperature Naumannite (AgO_2 II) and $\beta\text{-SnF}_2$ have the same AFLOW prototype label, A2B_oP12_19_2a_a. They are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (**--params**) specified in their corresponding CIF files.

Simple Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_1 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= -\left(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a\left(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c\left(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= -x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(y_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(z_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_1 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b\left(y_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c\left(z_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= \left(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(y_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a\left(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b\left(y_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= -\left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a\left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c\left(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$= -x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(y_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(z_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b\left(y_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c\left(z_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$= \left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(y_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a\left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b\left(y_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$= -\left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a\left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c\left(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(y_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(z_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b\left(y_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c\left(z_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	$= \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(y_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a\left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b\left(y_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I

References

- [1] G. Denes, J. Pannetier, and J. Lucas, *About SnF_2 stannous fluoride. II. Crystal structure of β - and $\gamma\text{-SnF}_2$* , J. Solid State Chem. **33**, 1–11 (1980), doi:10.1016/0022-4596(80)90541-1.

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