

SiS₂ (*C*42) Structure: A2B_oI12_72_j_a-001

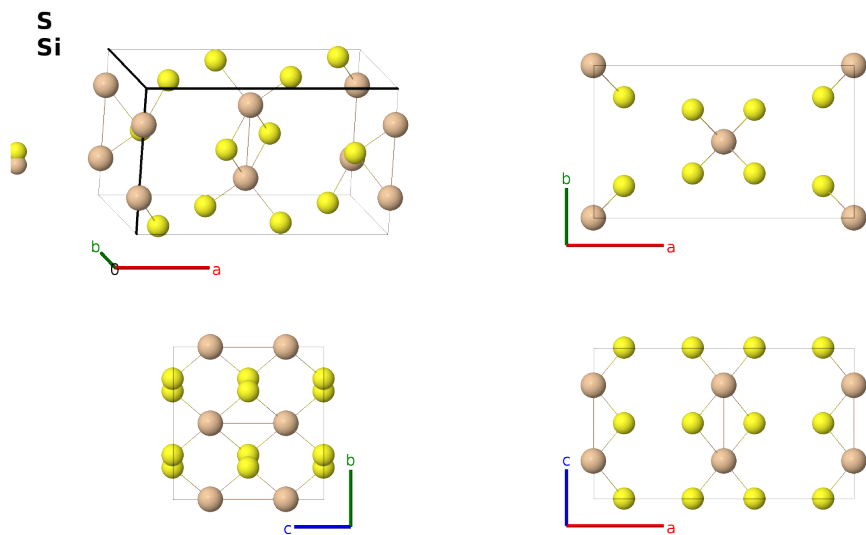
This structure previously used the label(s) **A2B_oI12_72_j_a**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

- H. Eckert, S. Divilov, M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, A. C. Zettl, M. Esters, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 4*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **240**, 112988 (2024), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2024.112988.
- D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, M. Esters, C. Oses, O. Levy, G. L. W. Hart, C. Toher, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 3*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **199**, 110450 (2021), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2021.110450.

<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/PYBC>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A2B_oI12_72_j_a-001

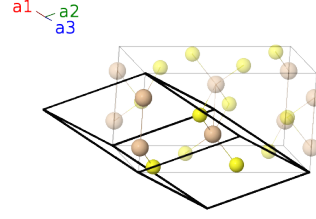


Prototype	S ₂ Si
AFLOW prototype label	A2B_oI12_72_j_a-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	<i>C</i> 42
ICSD	27205
CCDC	1602516
Pearson symbol	oI12
Space group number	72
Space group symbol	<i>Ibam</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2B_oI12_72_j_a-001</code> <code>--params=a,b/a,c/a,x₂,y₂</code>

Other compounds with this structure
SeSi₂

Body-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\
\mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\
\mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}
\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Si I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Si I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= y_2\mathbf{a}_1 + x_2\mathbf{a}_2 + (x_2 + y_2)\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_2\hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_2\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8j)	S I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= -y_2\mathbf{a}_1 - x_2\mathbf{a}_2 - (x_2 + y_2)\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_2\hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_2\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8j)	S I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= (y_2 + \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_1 - (x_2 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_2 - (x_2 - y_2)\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_2\hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_2\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)	S I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= -(y_2 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_1 + (x_2 + \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_2 + (x_2 - y_2)\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_2\hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_2\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)	S I

References

- [1] J. Peters and B. Krebs, *Silicon disulphide and silicon diselenide: a reinvestigation*, Acta Crystallogr. Sect. B **38**, 1270–1272 (1982), doi:10.1107/S0567740882005469.

First cited in

M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. L. W. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 1*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **136**, S1-828 (2017). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2017.01.017