

P₂I₄ Structure:

A2B_aP6_2_2i_i-001

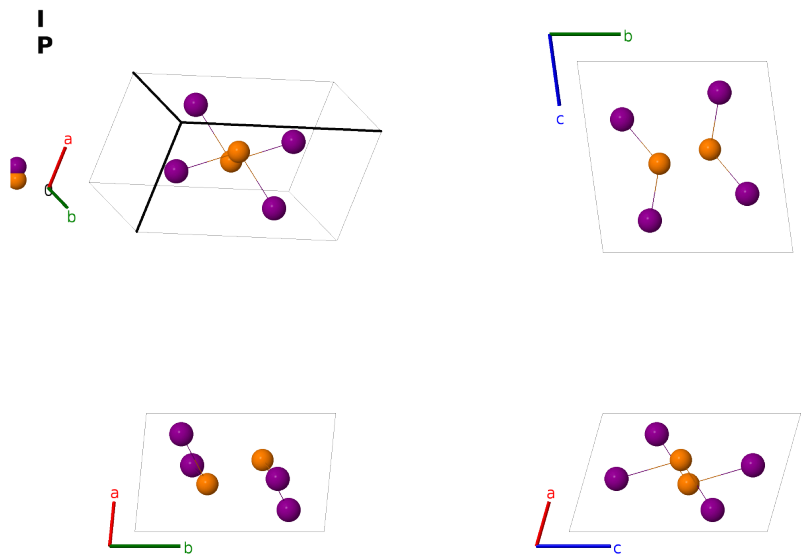
This structure previously used the label(s) **A2B_aP6_2_2i_i**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/V85G>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A2B_aP6_2_2i_i-001

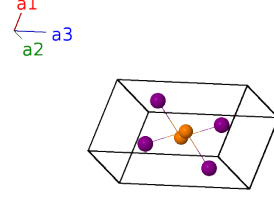


Prototype	I ₄ P ₂
AFLOW prototype label	A2B_aP6_2_2i_i-001
ICSD	36293
CCDC	1608051
Pearson symbol	aP6
Space group number	2
Space group symbol	$P\bar{1}$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2B_aP6_2_2i_i-001</code> <code>--params=a, b/a, c/a, α, β, γ, x_1, y_1, z_1, x_2, y_2, z_2, x_3, y_3, z_3</code>

- The ICSD entry for this structure has a much different value for β than what appears in the published work. At the present time we do not have a resolution to this problem

Triclinic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\
\mathbf{a}_2 &= b \cos \gamma \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b \sin \gamma \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\
\mathbf{a}_3 &= c_x \hat{\mathbf{x}} + c_y \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c_z \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\
c_x &= c \cos \beta \\
c_y &= c(\cos \alpha - \cos \beta \cos \gamma) / \sin \gamma \\
c_z &= \sqrt{c^2 - c_x^2 - c_y^2}
\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_1 + by_1 \cos \gamma + c_x z_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + (by_1 \sin \gamma + c_y z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c_z z_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2i)	I I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= -x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_1 + by_1 \cos \gamma + c_x z_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - (by_1 \sin \gamma + c_y z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c_z z_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2i)	I I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_2 + by_2 \cos \gamma + c_x z_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + (by_2 \sin \gamma + c_y z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c_z z_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2i)	I II
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= -x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_2 + by_2 \cos \gamma + c_x z_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - (by_2 \sin \gamma + c_y z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c_z z_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2i)	I II
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_3 + by_3 \cos \gamma + c_x z_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + (by_3 \sin \gamma + c_y z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c_z z_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2i)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_3 + by_3 \cos \gamma + c_x z_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - (by_3 \sin \gamma + c_y z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c_z z_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2i)	P I

References

- [1] Y. C. Leung and J. Waser, *The Crystal Structure of Phosphorus Diiodide, P_2I_4* , J. Phys. Chem. **60**, 539–543 (1956), doi:10.1021/j150539a007.

First cited in

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