

CeRu₂B₂ Structure:

A2BC2_oF40_22_ej_ac-fi-001

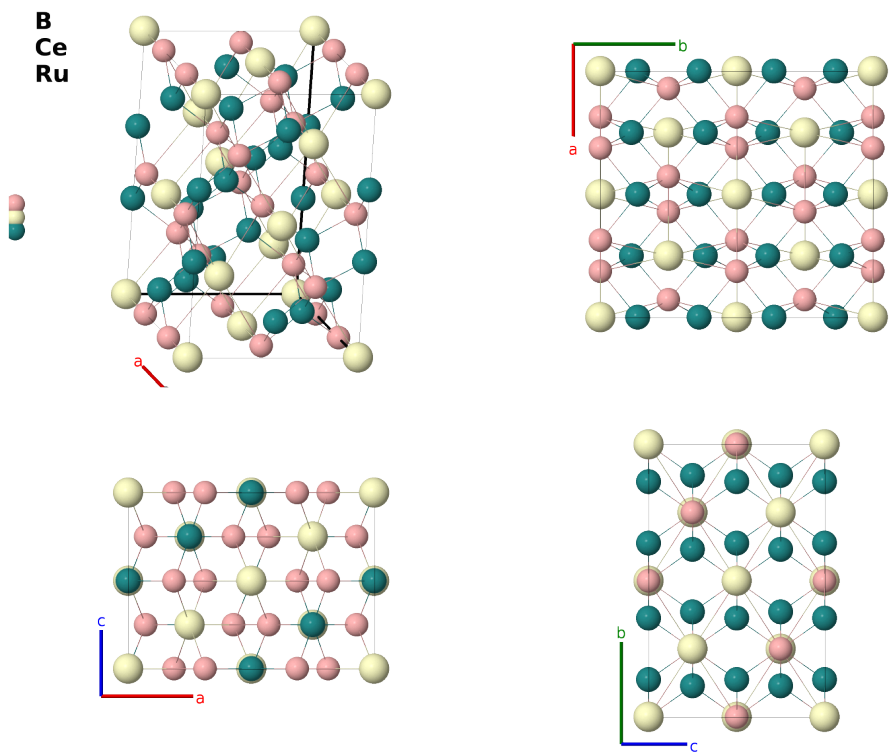
This structure previously used the label(s) **A2BC2_oF40_22.fi.ad_gh**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/PN0D>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A2BC2_oF40_22_ej_ac-fi-001



Prototype	B ₂ CeRu ₂
AFLOW prototype label	A2BC2_oF40_22_ej_ac-fi-001
ICSD	40800
CCDC	161062
Pearson symbol	oF40
Space group number	22
Space group symbol	<i>F</i> 222
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2BC2_oF40_22_ej_ac-fi-001</code> <code>--params=<i>a</i>, <i>b/a</i>, <i>c/a</i>, <i>x</i>₃, <i>y</i>₄, <i>y</i>₅, <i>x</i>₆</code>

Other compounds with this structure

CeOs₂B₂, GdOs₂B₂, GdRu₂B₂, LaOs₂B₂, LaRu₂B₂, NdOs₂B₂, NdRu₂B₂, PrOs₂B₂, PrRu₂B₂, SmOs₂B₂, SmRu₂B₂, ThOs₂B₂, ThRu₂B₂

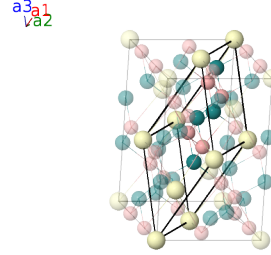
- As noted by (Horvath, 1987) a small amount of uncertainty in the positions of the atoms would allow this system to be placed in the centrosymmetric space group *Fddd* #70.

Face-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_2 = \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_3 = \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	=	0	=	0	(4a) Ce I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Ce II
$\mathbf{B}_3$	=	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_1 + x_3\mathbf{a}_2 + x_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(8e) B I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	=	$x_3\mathbf{a}_1 - x_3\mathbf{a}_2 - x_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(8e) B I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	=	$y_4\mathbf{a}_1 - y_4\mathbf{a}_2 + y_4\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$by_4\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8f) Ru I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	=	$-y_4\mathbf{a}_1 + y_4\mathbf{a}_2 - y_4\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-by_4\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8f) Ru I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	=	$y_5\mathbf{a}_1 - (y_5 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_2 + y_5\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_5\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i) Ru II
$\mathbf{B}_8$	=	$-(y_5 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_1 + y_5\mathbf{a}_2 - (y_5 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - b(y_5 - \frac{1}{2})\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i) Ru II
$\mathbf{B}_9$	=	$-(x_6 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_1 + x_6\mathbf{a}_2 + x_6\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j) B II
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	=	$x_6\mathbf{a}_1 - (x_6 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_2 - (x_6 - \frac{1}{2})\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a(x_6 - \frac{1}{2})\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j) B II

References

- [1] C. Horvath, P. Rogle, and K. Hiebl, *The crystal structure of CeRu₂B₂ and isotypic compounds M(Ru, Os)₂B₂, M = La, Pr, Nd, Sm, Gd, and Th*, J. Solid State Chem. **67**, 70–77 (1987), doi:10.1016/0022-4596(87)90340-9.

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