

Bi₂Te₃ (*C*33) Structure: A2B3_hR5_166_c_ac-001

This structure previously used the label(s) **A2B3_hR5_166_c_ac**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

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- D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, M. Esters, C. Oses, O. Levy, G. L. W. Hart, C. Toher, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 3*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **199**, 110450 (2021), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2021.110450.

<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/NGV5>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A2B3_hR5_166_c_ac-001

Prototype	Bi ₂ Te ₃
AFLOW prototype label	A2B3_hR5_166_c_ac-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	<i>C</i> 33
ICSD	15753
CCDC	1596451
Pearson symbol	hR5
Space group number	166
Space group symbol	$R\bar{3}m$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2B3_hR5_166_c_ac-001 --params=$a, c/a, x_2, x_3$</code>

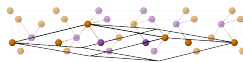
Other compounds with this structure

β -As₂Te₃, Bi₂Se₃, Ga₂Te₅, In₂Se₃, In₂Te₃, Sb₂Te₃, (Bi, Sm)Te₃, (Bi, Tb)Te₃, (Bi, Tm)Te₃, (Bi, Y)Te₃, (Dy, Sb)Te₃

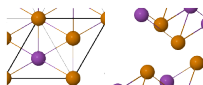
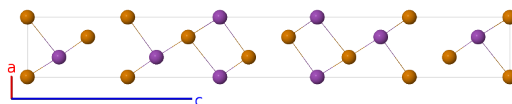
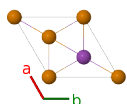
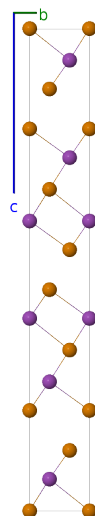
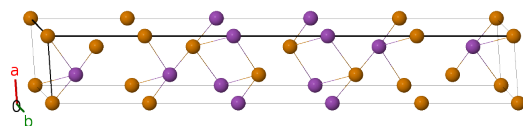
- (Gottfried, 1937) assigns tetradyte, Bi₂Te₂S as the prototype for *Strukturbericht* symbol *C*33, but (Lange, 1939) shows that this is isostructural with Bi₂Te₃, the sulfur atom being replaced by a tellurium atom. We will therefore retain our original designation.
- Hexagonal settings for rhombohedral structures can be obtained with the option `--hex`.

Rhombohedral primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \end{aligned}$$



Bi
Te



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	=	0	=	0	(1a) Te I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	=	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$cx_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c) Bi I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	=	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-cx_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c) Bi I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	=	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$cx_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c) Te II
$\mathbf{B}_5$	=	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-cx_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c) Te II

References

- [1] P. W. Lange, *Ein Vergleich zwischen Bi_2Te_3 und Bi_2Te_2S* , Naturwissenschaften **27**, 133–134 (1939), doi:10.1007/BF01490284.
- [2] C. Gottfried and F. Schossberger, eds., *Strukturbericht Band III 1933-1935* (Akademische Verlagsgesellschaft M. B. H., Leipzig, 1937).

First cited in

M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. L. W. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 1*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **136**, S1-828 (2017). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2017.01.017