

ThCr₂Si₂ Structure: A2B2C_tI10_139_d_e_a-003

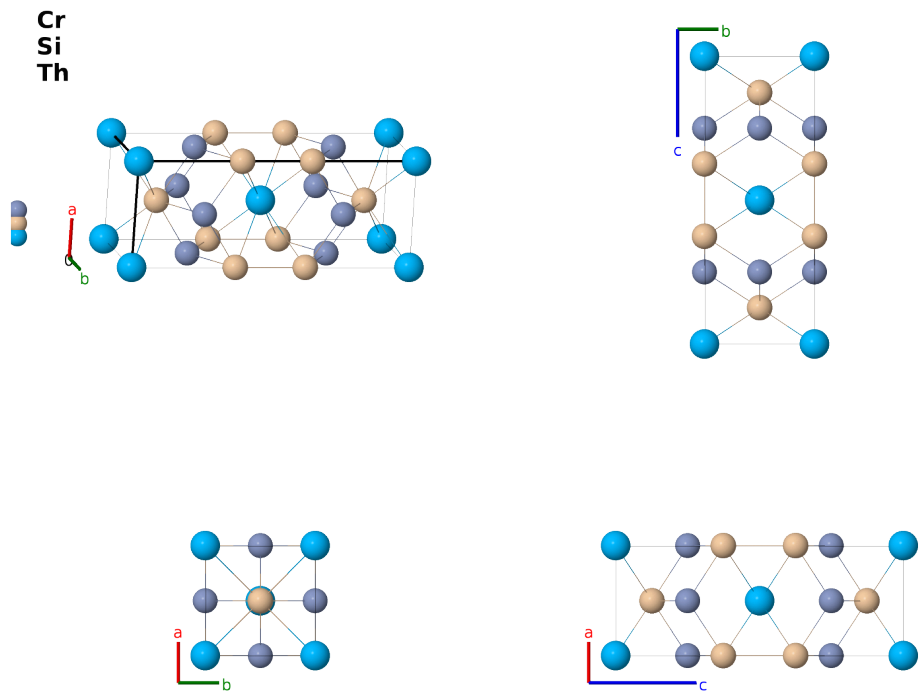
This structure previously used the label(s) **A2B2C.tI10_139_d.e.a**. Calls to these addresses will be redirected here.

Cite this page as:

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/LS62>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A2B2C_tI10_139_d_e_a-003



Prototype	Cr ₂ Si ₂ Th
AFLOW prototype label	A2B2C.tI10_139_d_e_a-003
ICSD	18157
CCDC	1597713
Pearson symbol	tI10
Space group number	139
Space group symbol	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2B2C_tI10_139_d_e_a-003 --params=a, c/a, z₃</code>

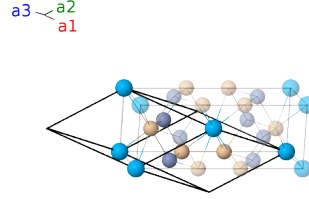
Other compounds with this structure

BaAl₂Ge₂, BaFe₂As₂, BaFe₂P₂, BaMg₂Si₂, BaMg₂Ge₂, BaMn₂Ge₂, BaNi₂As₂, BaNi₂Ge₂, BaRh₂B₂, CaAl₂Zn₂, CaAu₂Si₂, CaFe₂As₂, CaMn₂Ge₂, CaNi₂Ge₂, CaPd₂As₂, CeAl₂Ga₂, CeCu₂Si₂, CeMn₂Ge₂, CeRh₂Ge₂, CeRh₂Si₂, CeRu₂Si₂, CsCo₂As₂, CsCo₂P₂, CsFe₂As₂, CsFe₂P₂, CsIr₂As₂, CsIr₂P₂, CsRh₂As₂, CsRh₂P₂, CsRu₂As₂, CsRu₂P₂, DyCr₂Si₂, EuCo₂As₂, EuCo₂P₂, EuFe₂P₂, EuRh₂P₂, GdRu₂Ge₂, GdRu₂Si₂, GdRu₂Sn₂, KNi₂S₂, KNi₂Se₂, LaCo₂P₂, LaRu₂P₂, LuFe₂B₂, LuRu₂Si₂, PuCr₂Si₂, SrCo₂P₂, SrFe₂As₂, SrFe₂P₂, SrNi₂P₂, SrRh₂As₂, SrRh₂P₂, SrRu₂P₂, ThCr₂Si₂, ThCu₂Si₂, ThMn₂Ge₂, ThMn₂Si₂, ThNi₂Si₂, TiCu₂Se₂, UCr₂Si₂, URu₂Si₂, YFe₂Ge₂, YNi₂Ge₂

- (Shatruk, 2019) refers to this as “the perovskite of intermetallics.” The list of compounds below is by no means complete.
- This is a ternary form of the $D1_3$ (BaAl₄) structure.
- The structures generally identified as having prototype ThCr₂Si₂ actually divide up into two distinct regions, based on c/a ratio. We assign structures with $c/a \leq 3$ to the ThCr₂Si₂ structure, and those with $c/a > 3$ to the TiCo₂S₂ structure.

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	0	$=$	0	(2a)	Th I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$\frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Cr I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$\frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Cr I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$z_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Si I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$-z_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Si I

References

- [1] Z. Ban and M. Sikirica, *The crystal structure of ternary silicides ThM₂Si₂ (M = Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni and Cu)*, Acta Cryst. **18**, 594–599 (1964), doi:10.1107/S0365110X6500141X.
- [2] M. Shatruk, *ThCr₂Si₂ structure type: The “perovskite” of intermetallics*, J. Solid State Chem. **272**, 198–209 (2019), doi:10.1016/j.jssc.2019.02.012.

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